1	PERSONAL PROPERTY TAX AMENDMENTS
2	2008 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: John Dougall
5	Senate Sponsor: Wayne L. Niederhauser
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends the Property Tax Act and the chapter relating to the collection of
10	certain personal property taxes and the calculation of the certified tax rate.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	defines terms;
14	 amends the time period within which a county assessor or treasurer is required to
15	deposit its collections of personal property tax revenue with the state treasurer or a
16	qualified depository for the credit of the state;
17	 creates a depreciation schedule for certain classes of taxable tangible personal
18	property;
19	 allows a person to elect to designate certain taxable tangible personal property as
20	"expensed personal property" for valuation and taxing purposes;
21	► starting January 1, 2010, requires the Tax Commission to develop a depreciation
22	schedule for short life expensed personal property;
23	 prohibits a county from requiring a person to itemize the person's expensed personal
24	property;
25	 amends the date within which a person is required to file a statement with the



26	county assessor's office listing the person's real and personal property;
27	 eliminates the certified mailing requirement for a county assessor when the county
28	assessor notifies a personal property taxpayer that the personal property taxpayer's
29	signed statement is past due;
30	amends the formula for the calculation of the certified tax rate;
31	 requires the portions of the certified tax rate calculation that relate to personal
32	property values to be based on the prior year's personal property values;
33	amends the exemption amount for certain personal property;
34	 exempts certain personal property with a residual value of 15% or less from
35	taxation;
36	 amends the time period within which a personal property tax or uniform fee is due;
37	and
38	makes technical changes.
39	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
40	None
41	Other Special Clauses:
42	This bill takes effect on January 1, 2009.
43	Utah Code Sections Affected:
44	AMENDS:
45	17-34-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, First Special Session, Chapter 9
46	17C-1-408, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 359
47	53A-16-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1994, Chapter 12
48	53A-17a-133, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 26
49	53A-19-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 92
50	53A-19-105 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 122
51	59-2-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 86
52	59-2-307, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 39
53	59-2-908 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 278
54	59-2-913, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 107
55	59-2-914 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 278
56	59-2-918 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapters 26 and 104

57	59-2-924 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapters 107, and 329
58	59-2-1115, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 8
59	59-2-1302 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 306
60	59-2-1330 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapters 196 and 240
61	ENACTS:
62	59-2-108 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
63	59-2-924.2 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
6465	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
66	Section 1. Section 17-34-3 is amended to read:
67	17-34-3. Taxes or service charges.
68	(1) (a) If a county furnishes the municipal-type services and functions described in
69	Section 17-34-1 to areas of the county outside the limits of incorporated cities or towns, the
70	entire cost of the services or functions so furnished shall be defrayed from funds that the county
71	has derived from:
72	(i) taxes that the county may lawfully levy or impose outside the limits of incorporated
73	towns or cities;
74	(ii) service charges or fees the county may impose upon the persons benefited in any
75	way by the services or functions; or
76	(iii) a combination of these sources.
77	(b) As the taxes or service charges or fees are levied and collected, they shall be placed
78	in a special revenue fund of the county and shall be disbursed only for the rendering of the
79	services or functions established in Section 17-34-1 within the unincorporated areas of the
80	county or as provided in Subsection 10-2-121(2).
81	(2) For the purpose of levying taxes, service charges, or fees provided in this section,
82	the county legislative body may establish a district or districts in the unincorporated areas of
83	the county.
84	(3) Nothing contained in this chapter may be construed to authorize counties to impose
85	or levy taxes not otherwise allowed by law.
86	[(4) (a) A county required under Subsection 17-34-1(4) to provide advanced life
87	support and paramedic services to the unincorporated area of the county and that previously

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paid for those services through a countywide levy may increase its levy under Subsection
(1)(a)(i) to generate in the unincorporated area of the county the same amount of revenue as the
county loses from that area due to the required decrease in the countywide certified tax rate
under Subsection 59-2-924(2)(k)(i).]

- [(b) An increase in tax rate under Subsection (4)(a) is exempt from the notice and hearing requirements of Sections 59-2-918 and 59-2-919.]
- [(5)] (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a county providing fire, paramedic, and police protection services in a designated recreational area, as provided in Subsection 17-34-1(5), may fund those services from the county general fund with revenues derived from both inside and outside the limits of cities and towns, and the funding of those services is not limited to unincorporated area revenues.
 - Section 2. Section 17C-1-408 is amended to read:
- 17C-1-408. Base taxable value to be adjusted to reflect other changes.
 - (1) (a) (i) As used in this Subsection (1), "qualifying decrease" means:
 - (A) a decrease of more than 20% from the previous tax year's levy; or
- (B) a cumulative decrease over a consecutive five-year period of more than 100% from the levy in effect at the beginning of the five-year period.
- (ii) The year in which a qualifying decrease under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B) occurs is the fifth year of the five-year period.
- (b) If there is a qualifying decrease in the minimum basic school levy under Section 59-2-902 that would result in a reduction of the amount of tax increment to be paid to an agency:
- (i) the base taxable value of taxable property within the project area shall be reduced in the year of the qualifying decrease to the extent necessary, even if below zero, to provide the agency with approximately the same amount of tax increment that would have been paid to the agency each year had the qualifying decrease not occurred; and
- (ii) the amount of tax increment paid to the agency each year for the payment of bonds and indebtedness may not be less than what would have been paid to the agency if there had been no qualifying decrease.
- (2) (a) The amount of the base taxable value to be used in determining tax increment shall be:

119	(i) increased or decreased by the amount of an increase or decrease that results from:
120	(A) a statute enacted by the Legislature or by the people through an initiative;
121	(B) a judicial decision;
122	(C) an order from the State Tax Commission to a county to adjust or factor its
123	assessment rate under Subsection 59-2-704(2);
124	(D) a change in exemption provided in Utah Constitution Article XIII, Section 2, or
125	Section 59-2-103; or
126	(E) an increase or decrease in the percentage of fair market value, as defined under
127	Section 59-2-102; and
128	(ii) reduced for any year to the extent necessary, even if below zero, to provide an
129	agency with approximately the same amount of money the agency would have received without
130	a reduction in the county's certified tax rate if:
131	(A) in that year there is a decrease in the county's certified tax rate under Subsection
132	[59-2-924(2)(c) or (d)(i)] <u>59-2-924.2(2) or (3)(a);</u>
133	(B) the amount of the decrease is more than 20% of the county's certified tax rate of the
134	previous year; and
135	(C) the decrease would result in a reduction of the amount of tax increment to be paid
136	to the agency.
137	(b) Notwithstanding an increase or decrease under Subsection (2)(a), the amount of tax
138	increment paid to an agency each year for payment of bonds or other indebtedness may not be
139	less than would have been paid to the agency each year if there had been no increase or
140	decrease under Subsection (2)(a).
141	Section 3. Section 53A-16-106 is amended to read:
142	53A-16-106. Annual certification of tax rate proposed by local school board
143	Inclusion of school district budget Modified filing date.
144	(1) Prior to June 22 of each year, each local school board shall certify to the county
145	legislative body in which the district is located, on forms prescribed by the State Tax
146	Commission, the proposed tax rate approved by the local school board.
147	(2) A copy of the district's budget, including items under Section 53A-19-101, and a
148	certified copy of the local school board's resolution which approved the budget and set the tax
149	rate for the subsequent school year beginning July 1 shall accompany the tax rate.

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the prior year's weighted pupil unit.

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150	(3) If the tax rate approved by the board is in excess of the "certified tax rate" as
151	defined under Subsection 59-2-924[(2)](3)(a), the date for filing the tax rate and budget
152	adopted by the board shall be that established under Section 59-2-919.
153	Section 4. Section 53A-17a-133 is amended to read:
154	53A-17a-133. State-supported voted leeway program authorized Election
155	requirements State guarantee Reconsideration of the program.
156	(1) An election to consider adoption or modification of a voted leeway program is
157	required if initiative petitions signed by 10% of the number of electors who voted at the last
158	preceding general election are presented to the local school board or by action of the board.
159	(2) (a) (i) To establish a voted leeway program, a majority of the electors of a district
160	voting at an election in the manner set forth in Section 53A-16-110 must vote in favor of a
161	special tax.
162	(ii) The tax rate may not exceed .002 per dollar of taxable value.
163	(b) The district may maintain a school program which exceeds the cost of the program
164	referred to in Section 53A-17a-145 with this voted leeway.
165	(c) In order to receive state support the first year, a district must receive voter approval
166	no later than December 1 of the year prior to implementation.
167	(3) (a) Under the voted leeway program, the state shall contribute an amount sufficient
168	to guarantee \$17.54 per weighted pupil unit for each .0001 of the first .0016 per dollar of
169	taxable value.
170	(b) The same dollar amount guarantee per weighted pupil unit for the .0016 per dollar
171	of taxable value under Subsection (3)(a) shall apply to the board-approved leeway authorized
172	in Section 53A-17a-134, so that the guarantee shall apply up to a total of .002 per dollar of
173	taxable value if a school district levies a tax rate under both programs.
174	(c) (i) Beginning July 1, 2005, the \$17.54 guarantee under Subsections (3)(a) and (b)
175	shall be indexed each year to the value of the weighted pupil unit by making the value of the
176	guarantee equal to .008544 times the value of the prior year's weighted pupil unit.
177	(ii) The guarantee shall increase by .0005 times the value of the prior year's weighted

(d) (i) The amount of state guarantee money to which a school district would otherwise

pupil unit for each succeeding year until the guarantee is equal to .010544 times the value of

- be entitled to under this Subsection (3) may not be reduced for the sole reason that the district's levy is reduced as a consequence of changes in the certified tax rate under Section 59-2-924 pursuant to changes in property valuation.
 - (ii) Subsection (3)(d)(i) applies for a period of two years following any such change in the certified tax rate.
 - (4) (a) An election to modify an existing voted leeway program is not a reconsideration of the existing program unless the proposition submitted to the electors expressly so states.
 - (b) A majority vote opposing a modification does not deprive the district of authority to continue an existing program.
 - (c) If adoption of a leeway program is contingent upon an offset reducing other local school board levies, the board must allow the electors, in an election, to consider modifying or discontinuing the program prior to a subsequent increase in other levies that would increase the total local school board levy.
 - (d) Nothing contained in this section terminates, without an election, the authority of a school district to continue an existing voted leeway program previously authorized by the voters.
 - (5) Notwithstanding Section 59-2-918, a school district may budget an increased amount of ad valorem property tax revenue derived from a voted leeway imposed under this section in addition to revenue from new growth as defined in Subsection 59-2-924[(2)](4), without having to comply with the advertisement requirements of Section 59-2-918, if the voted leeway is approved:
 - (a) in accordance with Section 53A-16-110 on or after January 1, 2003; and
 - (b) within the four-year period immediately preceding the year in which the school district seeks to budget an increased amount of ad valorem property tax revenue derived from the voted leeway.
 - (6) Notwithstanding Section 59-2-919, a school district may levy a tax rate under this section that exceeds the certified tax rate without having to comply with the advertisement requirements of Section 59-2-919 if:
 - (a) the levy exceeds the certified tax rate as the result of a school district budgeting an increased amount of ad valorem property tax revenue derived from a voted leeway imposed under this section; and

212	(b) If the voted leeway was approved:	
213	(i) in accordance with Section 53A-16-110 on or after January 1, 2003; and	
214	(ii) within the four-year period immediately preceding the year in which the school	
215	district seeks to budget an increased amount of ad valorem property tax revenue derived from	
216	the voted leeway.	
217	Section 5. Section 53A-19-102 is amended to read:	
218	53A-19-102. Local school boards budget procedures.	
219	(1) Prior to June 22 of each year, each local school board shall adopt a budget and	
220	make appropriations for the next fiscal year. If the tax rate in the proposed budget exceeds the	
221	certified tax rate defined in [Subsection] Section 59-2-924[(2)], the board shall comply with	
222	Sections 59-2-918 and 59-2-919 in adopting the budget, except as provided by Section	
223	53A-17a-133.	
224	(2) Prior to the adoption of a budget containing a tax rate which does not exceed the	
225	certified tax rate, the board shall hold a public hearing, as defined in Section 10-9a-103, on the	
226	proposed budget. In addition to complying with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings	
227	Act, in regards to the hearing, the board shall do the following:	
228	(a) publish the required newspaper notice at least ten days prior to the hearing; and	
229	(b) file a copy of the proposed budget with the board's business administrator for public	
230	inspection at least ten days prior to the hearing.	
231	(3) The board shall file a copy of the adopted budget with the state auditor and the	
232	State Board of Education.	
233	Section 6. Section 53A-19-105 is amended to read:	
234	53A-19-105. School district interfund transfers.	
235	(1) A school district shall spend revenues only within the fund for which they were	
236	originally authorized, levied, collected, or appropriated.	
237	(2) Except as otherwise provided in this section, school district interfund transfers of	
238	residual equity are prohibited.	
239	(3) The State Board of Education may authorize school district interfund transfers of	
240	residual equity when a district states its intent to create a new fund or expand, contract, or	
241	liquidate an existing fund.	
242	(4) The State Board of Education may also authorize school district interfund transfers	

243	of residual equity for a financially distressed district if the board determines the following:
244	(a) the district has a significant deficit in its maintenance and operations fund caused
245	by circumstances not subject to the administrative decisions of the district;
246	(b) the deficit cannot be reasonably reduced under Section 53A-19-104; and
247	(c) without the transfer, the school district will not be capable of meeting statewide
248	educational standards adopted by the State Board of Education.
249	(5) The board shall develop standards for defining and aiding financially distressed
250	school districts under this section in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah
251	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
252	(6) (a) All debt service levies not subject to certified tax rate hearings shall be recorded
253	and reported in the debt service fund.
254	(b) Debt service levies under Subsection 59-2-924[(2)(a)(v)(C)](3)(e)(iii) that are not
255	subject to the certified tax rate hearing requirements of Sections 59-2-918 and 59-2-919 may
256	not be used for any purpose other than retiring general obligation debt.
257	(c) Amounts from these levies remaining in the debt service fund at the end of a fiscal
258	year shall be used in subsequent years for general obligation debt retirement.
259	(d) Any amounts left in the debt service fund after all general obligation debt has been
260	retired may be transferred to the capital projects fund upon completion of the budgetary hearing
261	process required under Section 53A-19-102.
262	Section 7. Section 59-2-108 is enacted to read:
263	59-2-108. Depreciation schedule for certain taxable tangible personal property.
264	(1) As used in this section:
265	(a) (i) "Acquisition cost" means all costs required to put an item of tangible personal
266	property into service; and
267	(ii) includes:
268	(A) the purchase price for a new or used item;
269	(B) the cost of freight and shipping;
270	(C) the cost of installation, engineering, erection, or assembly; and
271	(D) sales and use taxes.
272	(b) "Expensed personal property" means an item of taxable tangible personal property
273	that:

274	(i) has an acquisition cost of $\mathbf{\hat{H}} \rightarrow [\$5,000] \$1,000 \leftarrow \mathbf{\hat{H}}$ or less; and
275	(ii) a person elects to have assessed according to a schedule described in Subsection
276	<u>(4).</u>
277	(c) (i) "Item of taxable tangible personal property" does not include an improvement to
278	real property or a part that will become an improvement.
279	(ii) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
280	the commission may make rules defining the term "item of taxable tangible personal property."
281	(d) (i) "Short life expensed personal property" means expensed personal property that
282	is the same type as the following personal property:
283	(A) short life property;
284	(B) short life trade fixtures; or
285	(C) computer hardware.
286	(ii) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
287	the commission may make rules defining the following terms:
288	(A) "short life property";
289	(B) "short life trade fixtures"; and
290	(C) "computer hardware."
291	(e) "Taxable tangible personal property" means tangible personal property that is
292	subject to taxation under this chapter.
293	(2) (a) A person may elect to designate taxable tangible personal property as expensed
294	personal property.
295	(b) A county shall not require a person to:
296	(i) itemize expensed personal property on the signed statement described in Section
297	<u>59-2-306; and</u>
298	(ii) track expensed personal property.
299	(c) If a taxpayer's expensed personal property is audited in accordance with Subsection
300	59-2-306(3), a taxpayer shall provide proof of the acquisition $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\mathbf{price}] \mathbf{cost} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}} \mathbf{of} \mathbf{the}$
300a	expensed personal
301	property.
302	(3) (a) An election to designate taxable tangible personal property as expensed personal
303	property under this section may not be revoked.
304	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(d), if an item of taxable tangible personal

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305	property is designated as expensed personal property	erty, the person must pay taxes according to
306	the taxable value determined by the schedule for	a term designated by a schedule described in
307	Subsection (4).	
308	(c) If a person sells or otherwise disposes	of an item of expensed personal property
309	prior to the time period described in Subsection (3)(b) or (d), the person shall continue to pay
310	taxes according to the schedule described in Subs	ection (4).
311	(d) If a person elects to designate an item	of taxable tangible personal property
312	acquired before December 31, 2008, as expensed	personal property at a time after the first year
313	after the item is acquired, the person must pay tax	es according to the taxable value determined
314	by the schedule for a time period that equals:	
315	(i) the time period designated in Subsecti	on (3)(b); less
316	(ii) the time period beginning when the p	erson acquired the item of expensed personal
317	property and ending when the person designated	he item as short life expensed personal
318	property.	
319	(e) If a person elects to designate taxable	tangible personal property as expensed
320	personal property in accordance with Subsection	(2)(a), the person may not appeal the values
321	described in Subsection (4).	
322	(4) (a) For the taxable year beginning on	January 1, 2009 and ending on December 31,
323	2009, the taxable value of short life expensed per	sonal property is calculated by applying the
324	percent good factor against the acquisition cost of	the property as follows:
325	Short Life Expensed Po	ersonal Property Schedule
326	<u>Year of</u>	Percent Good of
327	<u>Acquisition</u>	Acquisition Cost
328	<u>2008</u>	<u>69%</u>
329	<u>2007</u>	<u>52%</u>
330	<u>2006</u>	<u>30%</u>
331	<u>2005</u>	<u>17%</u>
332	<u>2004</u>	<u>11%</u>
333	(b) For taxable years beginning on or after	r January 1, 2010, the taxable value of short
334	life expensed personal property shall be assessed	according to a schedule developed by the
335	commission in accordance with Title 63, Chapter	46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.

336	Section 8. Section 59-2-306 is amended to read:
337	59-2-306. Statements by taxpayers Power of assessors respecting statements.
338	(1) The county assessor may request a signed statement from any person setting forth
339	all the real and personal property assessable by the assessor which is owned, possessed,
340	managed, or under the control of the person at 12 [o'clock] noon on January 1. [This
341	statement]
342	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b) or (c), a signed statement described in
343	Subsection (1) shall be filed on or before May 15 of the year the statement described in
344	Subsection (1) is requested by the county assessor.
345	(b) For a county of the first class, the signed statement described in Subsection (1) shall
346	be filed [within 30] on the later of:
347	(i) 60 days after requested by the assessor[-]; or
348	(ii) on or before May 15 of the year the statement described in Subsection (1) is
349	requested by the county assessor if, by resolution, the county legislative body of that county
350	adopts the deadline described in Subsection (2)(a).
351	(c) If a county assessor requests a signed statement described in Subsection (1) on or
352	after March 16, the person shall file the signed statement within 60 days after requested by the
353	assessor.
354	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(3)}\right]$ The signed statement shall include the following:
355	(a) all property belonging to, claimed by, or in the possession, control, or management
356	of the person, any firm of which the person is a member, or any corporation of which the
357	person is president, secretary, cashier, or managing agent;
358	(b) the county in which the property is located or in which it is taxable; and, if taxable
359	in the county in which the signed statement was made, also the city, town, school district, road
360	district, or other taxing district in which it is located or taxable; and
361	(c) all lands in parcels or subdivisions not exceeding 640 acres each, the sections and
362	fractional sections of all tracts of land containing more than 640 acres which have been
363	sectionized by the United States Government, and the improvements on those lands.
364	$\left[\frac{(3)}{(4)}\right]$ Every assessor may subpoena and examine any person in any county in
365	relation to any signed statement but may not require that person to appear in any county other
366	than the county in which the subpoena is served.

367	Section 9. Section 59-2-307 is amended to read:
368	59-2-307. Refusal by taxpayer to file signed statement Penalty Assessor to
369	estimate value Reporting information to other counties.
370	(1) (a) Each person who fails to file the signed statement required by Section 59-2-306,
371	fails to file the signed statement with respect to name and place of residence, or fails to appear
372	and testify when requested by the assessor, shall pay a penalty equal to 10% of the estimated
373	tax due, but not less than \$100 for each failure to file a signed and completed statement.
374	(b) Each penalty under Subsection (1)(a) shall be collected in the manner provided by
375	Sections 59-2-1302 and 59-2-1303, except as otherwise provided for in this section, or by a
376	judicial proceeding brought in the name of the assessor.
377	(c) All money recovered by any assessor under this section shall be paid into the county
378	treasury.
379	(2) (a) The penalty imposed by Subsection (1)(a) may not be waived or reduced by the
380	assessor, county, county Board of Equalization, or commission except pursuant to a procedure
381	for the review and approval of reductions and waivers adopted by county ordinance, or by
382	administrative rule adopted in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative
383	Rulemaking Act.
384	(b) The penalty under Subsection (1)(a) for failure to appear and testify when requested
385	by the assessor may not be imposed until 30 days after the [eertified] postmark date of mailing
386	of a subsequent [certified] notice.
387	(3) (a) If [any] an owner neglects or refuses to file [the] a signed statement [within 30]
388	days of the date the first county request was sent] requested by an assessor of a county of the
389	<u>first_class</u> as required under Section 59-2-306, the assessor [shall] <u>of a county of the first class</u> :
390	(i) shall make:
391	(A) a subsequent request by [certified] mail for the signed statement, informing the
392	owner of the consequences of not filing a signed statement; and
393	(B) a record of the failure to file and an estimate of the value of the property of the
394	owner based on known facts and circumstances; and
395	(ii) <u>may</u> impose a fee for the actual and necessary expenses of the [certified] mailing
396	under Subsection (3)(a)(i)(A).

(b) The value fixed by the assessor may not be reduced by the county board of

398	equalization	or by the	commission
570	equalization	or of the	COMMISSION

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- (4) If the signed statement discloses property in any other county, the assessor shall file the signed statement and send a [certified] copy to the assessor of each county in which the property is located.
 - Section 10. Section **59-2-908** is amended to read:

59-2-908. Single aggregate limitation -- Maximum levy.

- (1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), each county shall have a single aggregate limitation on the property tax levied for all purposes by the county. Except as provided in Section 59-2-911, this limitation may not exceed the maximum set forth in this section. The maximum is:
- (a) .0032 per dollar of taxable value in all counties with a total taxable value of more than \$100,000,000; and
- (b) .0036 per dollar of taxable value in all counties with a total taxable value of less than \$100,000,000.
 - (2) (a) Beginning January 1, 1995, a county may impose a tax rate in excess of the limitation provided in Subsection (1) if the rate established under Subsection (1)(a) or (b) generates revenues for the county in an amount that is less than the revenues that would be generated by the county under the certified tax rate established in [Subsection] Section 59-2-924[(2)].
 - (b) A county meeting the requirements of Subsection (2)(a) may impose a tax rate that does not exceed the certified tax rate established in [Subsection] Section 59-2-924[(2)].
 - Section 11. Section **59-2-913** is amended to read:
 - 59-2-913. Definitions -- Statement of amount and purpose of levy -- Contents of statement -- Filing with county auditor -- Transmittal to commission -- Calculations for establishing tax levies -- Format of statement.
 - (1) As used in this section, "budgeted property tax revenues" does not include property tax revenue received by a taxing entity from personal property that is:
 - (a) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
- 426 (b) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.
- 427 (2) (a) The legislative body of each taxing entity shall file a statement as provided in 428 this section with the county auditor of the county in which the taxing entity is located.

429	(b) The auditor shall annually transmit the statement to the commission:
430	(i) before June 22; or
431	(ii) with the approval of the commission, on a subsequent date prior to the date
432	established under Section 59-2-1317 for mailing tax notices.
433	(c) The statement shall contain the amount and purpose of each levy fixed by the
434	legislative body of the taxing entity.
435	(3) For purposes of establishing the levy set for each of a taxing entity's applicable
436	funds, the legislative body of the taxing entity shall calculate an amount determined by dividing
437	the budgeted property tax revenues, specified in a budget which has been adopted and
438	approved prior to setting the levy, by the amount calculated under Subsections
439	59-2-924[(2)(a)(iii)(B)(I) through (III)] (3)(c)(ii)(A) through (C).
440	(4) The format of the statement under this section shall:
441	(a) be determined by the commission; and
442	(b) cite any applicable statutory provisions that:
443	(i) require a specific levy; or
444	(ii) limit the property tax levy for any taxing entity.
445	(5) The commission may require certification that the information submitted on a
446	statement under this section is true and correct.
447	Section 12. Section 59-2-914 is amended to read:
448	59-2-914. Excess levies Commission to recalculate levy Notice to implement
449	adjusted levies to county auditor.
450	(1) If the commission determines that a levy established for a taxing entity set under
451	Section 59-2-913 is in excess of the maximum levy permitted by law, the commission shall:
452	(a) lower the levy so that it is set at the maximum level permitted by law;
453	(b) notify the taxing entity which set the excessive rate that the rate has been lowered;
454	and
455	(c) notify the county auditor of the county or counties in which the taxing entity is
456	located to implement the rate established by the commission.
457	(2) A levy set for a taxing entity by the commission under this section shall be the
458	official levy for that taxing entity unless:
459	(a) the taxing entity lowers the levy established by the commission; or

489

- 460 (b) the levy is subsequently modified by a court order. 461 (3) (a) Subject to the provisions of Subsections (1) and (2), beginning January 1, 1995, 462 a taxing entity may impose a tax rate in excess of the maximum levy permitted by law if the 463 rate established by the taxing entity for the current year generates revenues for the taxing entity 464 in an amount that is less than the revenues that would be generated by the taxing entity under 465 the certified tax rate established in [Subsection] Section 59-2-924[(2)]. 466 (b) A taxing entity meeting the requirements of Subsection (3)(a) may impose a tax 467 rate that does not exceed the certified rate established in [Subsection] Section 59-2-924[(2)]. 468 Section 13. Section **59-2-918** is amended to read: 469 59-2-918. Advertisement of proposed tax increase -- Notice -- Contents. 470 (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), a taxing entity may not budget an 471 increased amount of ad valorem tax revenue exclusive of revenue from new growth as defined 472 in Subsection 59-2-924 $\left[\frac{(2)}{(2)}\right]$ (4) unless it advertises its intention to do so at the same time that it 473 advertises its intention to fix its budget for the forthcoming fiscal year. 474 (b) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a taxing entity is not required to meet the 475 advertisement or hearing requirements of this section if: 476 (A) the taxing entity: 477 (I) collected less than \$15,000 in ad valorem tax revenues for the previous fiscal year; 478 or 479 (II) is expressly exempted by law from complying with the requirements of this 480 section; or 481 (B) the increased amount of ad valorem tax revenue results from a tax rate increase that 482 is exempted under Subsection 59-2-919(1)(a)(ii)(B) from the advertisement and hearing 483 requirements of Section 59-2-919. 484 (ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a taxing entity is not required to meet the 485 advertisement requirements of this section if Section 53A-17a-133 allows the taxing entity to 486 budget an increased amount of ad valorem property tax revenue without having to comply with 487 the advertisement requirements of this section.
 - (2) (a) For taxing entities operating under a July 1 through June 30 fiscal year, the advertisement required by this section may be combined with the advertisement required by Section 59-2-919.

491	(b) For taxing entities operating under a January 1 through December 31 fiscal year,
492	the advertisement required by this section shall meet the size, type, placement, and frequency
493	requirements established under Section 59-2-919.
494	(3) The form of the advertisement required by this section shall meet the size, type,
495	placement, and frequency requirements established under Section 59-2-919 and shall be
496	substantially as follows:
497	"NOTICE OF PROPOSED TAX INCREASE
498	(NAME OF TAXING ENTITY)
499	The (name of the taxing entity) is proposing to increase its property tax revenue.
500	• If the proposed budget is approved, this would be an increase of% above
501	the (name of the taxing entity) property tax budgeted revenue for the prior year.
502	• The (name of the taxing entity) tax on a (insert the average value of a residence
503	in the taxing entity rounded to the nearest thousand dollars) residence would
504	increase from \$ to \$, which is \$ per year.
505	• The (name of the taxing entity) tax on a (insert the value of a business having
506	the same value as the average value of a residence in the taxing entity) business
507	would increase from \$ to \$, which is \$ per year.
508	All concerned citizens are invited to a public hearing on the tax increase.
509	PUBLIC HEARING
510	Date/Time: (date) (time)
511	Location: (name of meeting place and address of meeting place)
512	To obtain more information regarding the tax increase, citizens may contact the (name
513	of the taxing entity) at (phone number of taxing entity)."
514	(4) If a final decision regarding the budgeting of an increased amount of ad valorem tax
515	revenue is not made at the public hearing described in Subsection (3), the taxing entity shall
516	announce at the public hearing the scheduled time and place for consideration and adoption of
517	the proposed budget increase.
518	(5) (a) Each taxing entity operating under the January 1 through December 31 fiscal
519	year shall by March 1 notify the county of the date, time, and place of the public hearing at
520	which the budget for the following fiscal year will be considered.
521	(b) The county shall include the information described in Subsection (5)(a) with the tax

522	notice.
523	(6) A taxing entity shall hold a public hearing under this section beginning at or after 6
524	p.m.
525	Section 14. Section 59-2-924 is amended to read:
526	59-2-924. Report of valuation of property to county auditor and commission
527	Transmittal by auditor to governing bodies Certified tax rate Calculation of certified
528	tax rate Rulemaking authority Adoption of tentative budget.
529	(1) [(a)] Before June 1 of each year, the county assessor of each county shall deliver to
530	the county auditor and the commission the following statements:
531	[(i)] (a) a statement containing the aggregate valuation of all taxable <u>real</u> property
531a	Ĥ→ <u>assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for</u> [in] ←Ĥ
532	each taxing entity; and
533	[(ii)] (b) a statement containing the taxable value of [any additional] all personal
534	property $\hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{\text{assessed by the county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County}}$
534a	Assessment, ←Ĥ [estimated by the county assessor to be subject to taxation in the
534b	current year] from
535	the prior year end values.
536	[(b)] (2) The county auditor shall, on or before June 8, transmit to the governing body
537	of each taxing entity:
538	$[\underbrace{(i)}]$ (a) the statements described in Subsections (1)(a)[$\underbrace{(i)}$] and $[\underbrace{(ii)}]$ (b);
539	[(ii)] (b) an estimate of the revenue from personal property;
540	[(iii)] (c) the certified tax rate; and
541	[(iv)] (d) all forms necessary to submit a tax levy request.
542	[(2)] (a) $[(i)]$ The "certified tax rate" means a tax rate that will provide the same ad
543	valorem property tax revenues for a taxing entity as were budgeted by that taxing entity for the
544	prior year.
545	$[\frac{(ii)}]$ (b) For purposes of this Subsection $[\frac{(2)}, \text{"ad}]$ (3):
546	(i) "Ad valorem property tax revenues" do not include:
547	(A) collections from redemptions;
548	(B) interest;
549	(C) penalties; and
550	(D) revenue received by a taxing entity from personal property that is:
551	(I) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
552	(II) semiconductor manufacturing equipment

553	(ii) "Aggregate taxable value of all property taxed" means:
554	(A) the aggregate taxable value of all real property assessed by a county assessor in
555	accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for the current year;
556	(B) the aggregate taxable year end value of all personal property assessed by a county
557	assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for the prior year; and
558	(C) the aggregate taxable value of all real and personal property assessed by the
559	commission in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the current year.
560	[(iii) (A)] (c) (i) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the certified tax rate shall
561	be calculated by dividing the ad valorem property tax revenues budgeted for the prior year by
562	the taxing entity by the amount calculated under Subsection [(2)(a)(iii)(B)] (3)(c)(ii).
563	[(B)] (ii) For purposes of Subsection $[(2)(a)(iii)(A)]$ (3)(c)(i), the legislative body of a
564	taxing entity shall calculate an amount as follows:
565	[(1)] <u>(A)</u> calculate for the taxing entity the difference between:
566	[(Aa)] (I) the aggregate taxable value of all property taxed; and
567	[(Bb)] (II) any redevelopment adjustments for the current calendar year;
568	[(H)] (B) after making the calculation required by Subsection $[(2)(a)(iii)(B)(I)]$
569	(3)(c)(ii)(A), calculate an amount determined by increasing or decreasing the amount
570	calculated under Subsection $[\frac{(2)(a)(iii)(B)(I)}{(3)(c)(ii)(A)}$ by the average of the percentage net
571	change in the value of taxable property for the equalization period for the three calendar years
572	immediately preceding the current calendar year;
573	[(HH)] (C) after making the calculation required by Subsection $[(2)(a)(iii)(B)(H)]$
574	(3)(c)(ii)(B), calculate the product of:
575	[(Aa)] (I) the amount calculated under Subsection $[(2)(a)(iii)(B)(H)]$ (3)(c)(ii)(B); and
576	[(Bb)] (II) the percentage of property taxes collected for the five calendar years
577	immediately preceding the current calendar year; and
578	[(HV)] (D) after making the calculation required by Subsection $[(2)(a)(iii)(B)(III)]$
579	(3)(c)(ii)(C), calculate an amount determined by subtracting from the amount calculated under
580	Subsection $[\frac{(2)(a)(iii)(B)(III)}{(3)(c)(ii)(C)}$ any new growth as defined in this section:
581	[(Aa)] (I) within the taxing entity; and
582	[(Bb)] (II) for the following calendar year:
583	(Aa) for new growth from real property $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \mathbf{assessed}$ by a county assessor in accordance
583a	with Part 3, County Assessment and all property assessed by the commission in accordance
583b	with Section 59-2-201 $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$, the current calendar year[-]; and

584	(Bb) for new growth from personal property $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \mathbf{assessed}$ by a county assessor in
584a	accordance with Part 3, County Assessment ←Ĥ, the prior calendar year.
585	[(C)] (iii) For purposes of Subsection [$(2)(a)(iii)(B)(I)$] (3)(c)(ii)(A), the aggregate
586	taxable value of all property taxed:
587	[(H)] (A) except as provided in Subsection $[(2)(a)(iii)(C)(H)$, includes the total taxable
588	value of the real and personal property contained on the tax rolls of the taxing entity; and]
589	(3)(c)(iii)(B) or (3)(c)(ii)(C), is as defined in Subsection (3)(b)(ii);
590	[(H)] (B) does not include the total taxable value of personal property contained on the
591	tax rolls of the taxing entity that is:
592	[(Aa)] (I) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment;
593	and
594	[(Bb)] (II) semiconductor manufacturing equipment[-]; and
595	(C) for personal property assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3,
596	County Assessment, the taxable value of personal property is the year end value of the personal
597	property contained on the prior year's tax rolls of the entity.
598	[(D)] (iv) For purposes of Subsection $[(2)(a)(iii)(B)(H)]$ (3)(c)(ii)(B), for calendar years
599	beginning on or after January 1, 2007, the value of taxable property does not include the value
600	of personal property that is:
601	[(I)] <u>(A)</u> within the taxing entity assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part
602	3, County Assessment; and
603	[(H)] (B) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.
604	[(E)] (v) For purposes of Subsection [$(2)(a)(iii)(B)(III)(Bb)$] $(3)(c)(ii)(C)(II)$, for
605	calendar years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, the percentage of property taxes collected
606	does not include property taxes collected from personal property that is:
607	[(1)] (A) within the taxing entity assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part
608	3, County Assessment; and
609	[(II)] (B) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.
610	[(F)] (vi) For purposes of Subsection (3)(c)(ii)(B), for calendar years beginning on or
611	after January 1, 2009, the value of taxable property does not include the value of personal
612	property that is within the taxing entity assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3,
613	County Assessment.
614	(vii) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,

615	the commission may prescribe rules for calculating redevelopment adjustments for a calendar
616	year.
617	[(iv) (A)] (d) (i) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative
618	Rulemaking Act, the commission shall make rules determining the calculation of ad valorem
619	property tax revenues budgeted by a taxing entity.
620	[(B)] (ii) For purposes of Subsection $[(2)(a)(iv)(A)]$ (3)(d)(i), ad valorem property tax
621	revenues budgeted by a taxing entity shall be calculated in the same manner as budgeted
622	property tax revenues are calculated for purposes of Section 59-2-913.
623	[(v)] (e) The certified tax rates for the taxing entities described in this Subsection
624	[(2)(a)(v)] (3)(e) shall be calculated as follows:
625	[(A)] (i) except as provided in Subsection $[(2)(a)(v)(B)]$ (3)(e)(ii), for new taxing
626	entities the certified tax rate is zero;
627	[(B)] (ii) for each municipality incorporated on or after July 1, 1996, the certified tax
628	rate is:
629	[(1)] (A) in a county of the first, second, or third class, the levy imposed for
630	municipal-type services under Sections 17-34-1 and 17-36-9; and
631	[(H)] (B) in a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class, the levy imposed for general
632	county purposes and such other levies imposed solely for the municipal-type services identified
633	in Section 17-34-1 and Subsection 17-36-3(22); and
634	[(C)] (iii) for debt service voted on by the public, the certified tax rate shall be the
635	actual levy imposed by that section, except that the certified tax rates for the following levies
636	shall be calculated in accordance with Section 59-2-913 and this section:
637	[(1)] (A) school leeways provided for under Sections 11-2-7, 53A-16-110,
638	53A-17a-125, 53A-17a-127, 53A-17a-133, 53A-17a-134, 53A-17a-143, 53A-17a-145, and
639	53A-21-103; and
640	[(H)] (B) levies to pay for the costs of state legislative mandates or judicial or
641	administrative orders under Section 59-2-906.3.
642	[(vi) (A)] (f) (i) A judgment levy imposed under Section 59-2-1328 or 59-2-1330 shall
643	be established at that rate which is sufficient to generate only the revenue required to satisfy
644	one or more eligible judgments, as defined in Section 59-2-102.
645	[(B)] (ii) The ad valorem property tax revenue generated by the judgment levy shall not

646	be considered in establishing the taxing entity's aggregate certified tax rate.
647	[(b) (i)] (4) (a) For the purpose of calculating the certified tax rate, the county auditor
648	shall use:
649	(i) the taxable value of <u>real</u> property <u>assessed by a county assessor contained</u> on the
650	assessment roll[-];
651	(ii) the taxable value of real and personal property assessed by the commission; and
652	(iii) the taxable year end value of personal property assessed by a county assessor
653	contained on the prior year's assessment roll.
654	[(ii)] (b) For purposes of Subsection $[(2)(b)(i)]$ (4)(a)(i), the taxable value of real
655	property on the assessment roll does not include[: (A)] new growth as defined in Subsection
656	[(2)(b)(iii); or] <u>(4)(c).</u>
657	[(B) the total taxable value of personal property contained on the tax rolls of the taxing
658	entity that is:]
659	[(I) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and]
660	[(II) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.]
661	[(iii)] (c) "New growth" means:
662	[(A)] (i) the difference between the increase in taxable value of the following property
663	of the taxing entity from the previous calendar year to the current year[;]:
664	(A) real property assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County
665	Assessment; and
666	(B) property assessed by the commission under Section 59-2-201; plus
667	(ii) the difference between the increase in taxable year end value of personal property
668	of the taxing entity from the year prior to the previous calendar year to the previous calendar
669	<u>year</u> ; minus
670	[(B)] (iii) the amount of an increase in taxable value described in Subsection
671	$[\frac{(2)(b)(v)}{(4)(e)}]$
672	[(iv)] (d) For purposes of Subsection $[(2)(b)(iii)]$ (4)(c)(ii), the taxable value of
673	personal property of the taxing entity does not include the taxable value of personal property
674	that is:
675	[(A)] (i) contained on the tax rolls of the taxing entity if that property is assessed by a
676	county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and

677	[(B)] (ii) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.
678	[(v)] (e) Subsection $[(2)(b)(iii)(B)]$ $(4)(c)(iii)$ applies to the following increases in
679	taxable value:
680	[(A)] (i) the amount of increase to locally assessed real property taxable values
681	resulting from factoring, reappraisal, or any other adjustments; or
682	[(B)] (ii) the amount of an increase in the taxable value of property assessed by the
683	commission under Section 59-2-201 resulting from a change in the method of apportioning the
684	taxable value prescribed by:
685	[(I)] (A) the Legislature;
686	[(II)] <u>(B)</u> a court;
687	[(III)] (C) the commission in an administrative rule; or
688	$[(\overline{IV})]$ (D) the commission in an administrative order.
689	(f) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a)(ii), the taxable year end value of personal
690	property on the prior year's assessment roll does not include:
691	(i) new growth as defined in Subsection (4)(c); or
692	(ii) the total taxable year end value of personal property contained on the prior year's
693	tax rolls of the taxing entity that is:
694	(A) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
695	(B) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.
696	[(c) Beginning January 1, 1997, if a taxing entity receives increased revenues from
697	uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-404, 59-2-405, 59-2-405.1,
698	59-2-405.2, or 59-2-405.3 as a result of any county imposing a sales and use tax under Chapter
699	12, Part 11, County Option Sales and Use Tax, the taxing entity shall decrease its certified tax
700	rate to offset the increased revenues.]
701	[(d) (i) Beginning July 1, 1997, if a county has imposed a sales and use tax under
702	Chapter 12, Part 11, County Option Sales and Use Tax, the county's certified tax rate shall be:]
703	[(A) decreased on a one-time basis by the amount of the estimated sales and use tax
704	revenue to be distributed to the county under Subsection 59-12-1102(3); and]
705	[(B) increased by the amount necessary to offset the county's reduction in revenue
706	from uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-404, 59-2-405, 59-2-405.1
707	59-2-405.2, or 59-2-405.3 as a result of the decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection

700	(2)(4)(3)(4)	-
708	(2)(u)(1)(A)	

- [(ii) The commission shall determine estimates of sales and use tax distributions for purposes of Subsection (2)(d)(i).]
- [(e) Beginning January 1, 1998, if a municipality has imposed an additional resort communities sales tax under Section 59-12-402, the municipality's certified tax rate shall be decreased on a one-time basis by the amount necessary to offset the first 12 months of estimated revenue from the additional resort communities sales and use tax imposed under Section 59-12-402.]
- [(f) (i) (A) For fiscal year 2000, the certified tax rate of each county required under Subsection 17-34-1(4)(a) to provide advanced life support and paramedic services to the unincorporated area of the county shall be decreased by the amount necessary to reduce revenues in that fiscal year by an amount equal to the difference between the amount the county budgeted in its 2000 fiscal year budget for advanced life support and paramedic services countywide and the amount the county spent during fiscal year 2000 for those services, excluding amounts spent from a municipal services fund for those services.]
- [(B) For fiscal year 2001, the certified tax rate of each county to which Subsection (2)(f)(i)(A) applies shall be decreased by the amount necessary to reduce revenues in that fiscal year by the amount that the county spent during fiscal year 2000 for advanced life support and paramedic services countywide, excluding amounts spent from a municipal services fund for those services.]
- [(ii) (A) A city or town located within a county of the first class to which Subsection (2)(f)(i) applies may increase its certified tax rate by the amount necessary to generate within the city or town the same amount of revenues as the county would collect from that city or town if the decrease under Subsection (2)(f)(i) did not occur.]
- [(B) An increase under Subsection (2)(f)(ii)(A), whether occurring in a single fiscal year or spread over multiple fiscal years, is not subject to the notice and hearing requirements of Sections 59-2-918 and 59-2-919.]
- [(g) (i) The certified tax rate of each county required under Subsection 17-34-1(4)(b) to provide detective investigative services to the unincorporated area of the county shall be decreased:
 - [(A) in fiscal year 2001 by the amount necessary to reduce revenues in that fiscal year

739	by at least \$4,400,000; and]
740	[(B) in fiscal year 2002 by the amount necessary to reduce revenues in that fiscal year
741	by an amount equal to the difference between \$9,258,412 and the amount of the reduction in
742	revenues under Subsection (2)(g)(i)(A).]
743	[(ii) (A) (I) Beginning with municipal fiscal year 2002, a city or town located within a
744	county to which Subsection (2)(g)(i) applies may increase its certified tax rate to generate
745	within the city or town the same amount of revenue as the county would have collected during
746	county fiscal year 2001 from within the city or town except for Subsection (2)(g)(i)(A).
747	[(II) Beginning with municipal fiscal year 2003, a city or town located within a county
748	to which Subsection (2)(g)(i) applies may increase its certified tax rate to generate within the
749	city or town the same amount of revenue as the county would have collected during county
750	fiscal year 2002 from within the city or town except for Subsection (2)(g)(i)(B).
751	[(B) (I) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(g)(ii)(B)(II), an increase in the city or
752	town's certified tax rate under Subsection (2)(g)(ii)(A), whether occurring in a single fiscal year
753	or spread over multiple fiscal years, is subject to the notice and hearing requirements of
754	Sections 59-2-918 and 59-2-919.]
755	[(II) For an increase under this Subsection (2)(g)(ii) that generates revenue that does
756	not exceed the same amount of revenue as the county would have collected except for
757	Subsection (2)(g)(i), the requirements of Sections 59-2-918 and 59-2-919 do not apply if the
758	city or town:
759	[(Aa) publishes a notice that meets the size, type, placement, and frequency
760	requirements of Section 59-2-919, reflects that the increase is a shift of a tax from one imposed
761	by the county to one imposed by the city or town, and explains how the revenues from the tax
762	increase will be used; and]
763	[(Bb) holds a public hearing on the tax shift that may be held in conjunction with the
764	city or town's regular budget hearing.]
765	[(h) (i) This Subsection (2)(h) applies to each county that:]
766	[(A) establishes a countywide special service district under Title 17A, Chapter 2, Part
767	13, Utah Special Service District Act, to provide jail service, as provided in Subsection
768	17A-2-1304(1)(a)(x); and]
769	[(B) levies a property tax on behalf of the special service district under Section

//0	1/A-2-1322.]
771	[(ii) (A) The certified tax rate of each county to which this Subsection (2)(h) applies
772	shall be decreased by the amount necessary to reduce county revenues by the same amount of
773	revenues that will be generated by the property tax imposed on behalf of the special service
774	district.]
775	[(B) Each decrease under Subsection (2)(h)(ii)(A) shall occur contemporaneously with
776	the levy on behalf of the special service district under Section 17A-2-1322.]
777	[(i) (i) As used in this Subsection (2)(i):]
778	[(A) "Annexing county" means a county whose unincorporated area is included within
779	a fire district by annexation.]
780	[(B) "Annexing municipality" means a municipality whose area is included within a
781	fire district by annexation.]
782	[(C) "Equalized fire protection tax rate" means the tax rate that results from:]
783	[(I) calculating, for each participating county and each participating municipality, the
784	property tax revenue necessary to cover all of the costs associated with providing fire
785	protection, paramedic, and emergency services:]
786	[(Aa) for a participating county, in the unincorporated area of the county; and]
787	[(Bb) for a participating municipality, in the municipality; and]
788	[(II) adding all the amounts calculated under Subsection (2)(i)(i)(C)(I) for all
789	participating counties and all participating municipalities and then dividing that sum by the
790	aggregate taxable value of the property, as adjusted in accordance with Section 59-2-913:]
791	[(Aa) for participating counties, in the unincorporated area of all participating counties;
792	and]
793	[(Bb) for participating municipalities, in all the participating municipalities.]
794	[(D) "Fire district" means a service area under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 9, Service
795	Area Act, in the creation of which an election was not required under Subsection
796	17B-1-214(3)(e).]
797	[(E) "Fire protection tax rate" means:]
798	[(I) for an annexing county, the property tax rate that, when applied to taxable property
799	in the unincorporated area of the county, generates enough property tax revenue to cover all the
800	costs associated with providing fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services in the

901	unincorporated area of the county, and
802	[(II) for an annexing municipality, the property tax rate that generates enough property
803	tax revenue in the municipality to cover all the costs associated with providing fire protection,
804	paramedic, and emergency services in the municipality.]
805	[(F) "Participating county" means a county whose unincorporated area is included
806	within a fire district at the time of the creation of the fire district.]
807	[(G) "Participating municipality" means a municipality whose area is included within a
808	fire district at the time of the creation of the fire district.]
809	[(ii) In the first year following creation of a fire district, the certified tax rate of each
810	participating county and each participating municipality shall be decreased by the amount of
811	the equalized fire protection tax rate.]
812	[(iii) In the first year following annexation to a fire district, the certified tax rate of each
813	annexing county and each annexing municipality shall be decreased by the fire protection tax
814	rate.]
815	[(iv) Each tax levied under this section by a fire district shall be considered to be levied
816	by:]
817	[(A) each participating county and each annexing county for purposes of the county's
818	tax limitation under Section 59-2-908; and]
819	[(B) each participating municipality and each annexing municipality for purposes of
820	the municipality's tax limitation under Section 10-5-112, for a town, or Section 10-6-133, for a
821	city.]
822	[(j) For the calendar year beginning on January 1, 2007, the calculation of a taxing
823	entity's certified tax rate shall be adjusted by the amount necessary to offset any change in the
824	certified tax rate that may result from excluding the following from the certified tax rate under
825	Subsection (2)(a) enacted by the Legislature during the 2007 General Session:
826	[(i) personal property tax revenue:]
827	[(A) received by a taxing entity;]
828	[(B) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and]
829	[(C) for personal property that is semiconductor manufacturing equipment; or]
830	[(ii) the taxable value of personal property:]
831	[(A) contained on the tax rolls of a taxing entity;]

832	[(B) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and]
833	[(C) that is semiconductor manufacturing equipment.]
834	[(3)] (5) (a) On or before June 22, each taxing entity shall annually adopt a tentative
835	budget.
836	(b) If the taxing entity intends to exceed the certified tax rate, it shall notify the county
837	auditor of:
838	(i) its intent to exceed the certified tax rate; and
839	(ii) the amount by which it proposes to exceed the certified tax rate.
840	(c) The county auditor shall notify all property owners of any intent to exceed the
841	certified tax rate in accordance with Subsection 59-2-919(2).
842	[(4) (a) The taxable value for the base year under Subsection 17C-1-102(6) shall be
843	reduced for any year to the extent necessary to provide a community development and renewal
844	agency established under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Community
845	Development and Renewal Agencies, with approximately the same amount of money the
846	agency would have received without a reduction in the county's certified tax rate if:]
847	[(i) in that year there is a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2)(c) or
848	(2)(d)(i);]
849	[(ii) the amount of the decrease is more than 20% of the county's certified tax rate of
850	the previous year; and]
851	[(iii) the decrease results in a reduction of the amount to be paid to the agency under
852	Section 17C-1-403 or 17C-1-404.]
853	[(b) The base taxable value under Subsection 17C-1-102(6) shall be increased in any
854	year to the extent necessary to provide a community development and renewal agency with
855	approximately the same amount of money as the agency would have received without an
856	increase in the certified tax rate that year if:]
857	[(i) in that year the base taxable value under Subsection 17C-1-102(6) is reduced due to
858	a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2)(c) or (2)(d)(i); and]
859	[(ii) The certified tax rate of a city, school district, local district, or special service
860	district increases independent of the adjustment to the taxable value of the base year.]
861	[(c) Notwithstanding a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2)(c) or
862	(2)(d)(i), the amount of money allocated and, when collected, paid each year to a community

863	development and renewal agency established under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local
864	Government Entities - Community Development and Renewal Agencies, for the payment of
865	bonds or other contract indebtedness, but not for administrative costs, may not be less than that
866	amount would have been without a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2)(c) or
867	(2)(d)(i).]
868	Section 15. Section 59-2-924.2 is enacted to read:
869	59-2-924.2. Adjustments to the calculation of a taxing entity's certified tax rate.
870	(1) For purposes of this section, "certified tax rate" means a certified tax rate calculated
871	in accordance with Section 59-2-924.
872	(2) Beginning January 1, 1997, if a taxing entity receives increased revenues from
873	uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-404, 59-2-405, 59-2-405.1,
874	59-2-405.2, or 59-2-405.3 as a result of any county imposing a sales and use tax under Chapter
875	12, Part 11, County Option Sales and Use Tax, the taxing entity shall decrease its certified tax
876	rate to offset the increased revenues.
877	(3) (a) Beginning July 1, 1997, if a county has imposed a sales and use tax under
878	Chapter 12, Part 11, County Option Sales and Use Tax, the county's certified tax rate shall be:
879	(i) decreased on a one-time basis by the amount of the estimated sales and use tax
880	revenue to be distributed to the county under Subsection 59-12-1102(3); and
881	(ii) increased by the amount necessary to offset the county's reduction in revenue from
882	uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-404, 59-2-405, 59-2-405.1,
883	59-2-405.2, or 59-2-405.3 as a result of the decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection
884	(3)(a)(i).
885	(b) The commission shall determine estimates of sales and use tax distributions for
886	purposes of Subsection (3)(a).
887	(4) Beginning January 1, 1998, if a municipality has imposed an additional resort
888	communities sales tax under Section 59-12-402, the municipality's certified tax rate shall be
889	decreased on a one-time basis by the amount necessary to offset the first 12 months of
890	estimated revenue from the additional resort communities sales and use tax imposed under
891	Section 59-12-402.
892	(5) (a) This Subsection (5) applies to each county that:
893	(i) establishes a countywide special service district under Title 17A, Chapter 2, Part 13,

894	<u>Utah Special Service District Act, to provide jail service, as provided in Subsection</u>
895	17A-2-1304(1)(a)(x); and
896	(ii) levies a property tax on behalf of the special service district under Section
897	<u>17A-2-1322.</u>
898	(b) (i) The certified tax rate of each county to which this Subsection (5) applies shall be
899	decreased by the amount necessary to reduce county revenues by the same amount of revenues
900	that will be generated by the property tax imposed on behalf of the special service district.
901	(ii) Each decrease under Subsection (5)(b)(i) shall occur contemporaneously with the
902	levy on behalf of the special service district under Section 17A-2-1322.
903	(6) (a) As used in this Subsection (6):
904	(i) "Annexing county" means a county whose unincorporated area is included within a
905	fire district by annexation.
906	(ii) "Annexing municipality" means a municipality whose area is included within a fire
907	district by annexation.
908	(iii) "Equalized fire protection tax rate" means the tax rate that results from:
909	(A) calculating, for each participating county and each participating municipality, the
910	property tax revenue necessary to cover all of the costs associated with providing fire
911	protection, paramedic, and emergency services:
912	(I) for a participating county, in the unincorporated area of the county; and
913	(II) for a participating municipality, in the municipality; and
914	(B) adding all the amounts calculated under Subsection (6)(a)(iii)(A) for all
915	participating counties and all participating municipalities and then dividing that sum by the
916	aggregate taxable value of the property, as adjusted in accordance with Section 59-2-913:
917	(I) for participating counties, in the unincorporated area of all participating counties;
918	<u>and</u>
919	(II) for participating municipalities, in all the participating municipalities.
920	(iv) "Fire district" means a service area under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 9, Service
921	Area Act, in the creation of which an election was not required under Subsection
922	17B-1-214(3)(c).
923	(v) "Fire protection tax rate" means:
924	(A) for an annexing county, the property tax rate that, when applied to taxable property

925	in the unincorporated area of the county, generates enough property tax revenue to cover all the
926	costs associated with providing fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services in the
927	unincorporated area of the county; and
928	(B) for an annexing municipality, the property tax rate that generates enough property
929	tax revenue in the municipality to cover all the costs associated with providing fire protection,
930	paramedic, and emergency services in the municipality.
931	(vi) "Participating county" means a county whose unincorporated area is included
932	within a fire district at the time of the creation of the fire district.
933	(vii) "Participating municipality" means a municipality whose area is included within a
934	fire district at the time of the creation of the fire district.
935	(b) In the first year following creation of a fire district, the certified tax rate of each
936	participating county and each participating municipality shall be decreased by the amount of
937	the equalized fire protection tax rate.
938	(c) In the first year following annexation to a fire district, the certified tax rate of each
939	annexing county and each annexing municipality shall be decreased by the fire protection tax
940	<u>rate.</u>
941	(d) Each tax levied under this section by a fire district shall be considered to be levied
942	<u>by:</u>
943	(i) each participating county and each annexing county for purposes of the county's tax
944	limitation under Section 59-2-908; and
945	(ii) each participating municipality and each annexing municipality for purposes of the
946	municipality's tax limitation under Section 10-5-112, for a town, or Section 10-6-133, for a
947	city.
948	(7) For the calendar year beginning on January 1, 2007, the calculation of a taxing
949	entity's certified tax rate, calculated in accordance with Section 59-2-924, shall be adjusted by
950	the amount necessary to offset any change in the certified tax rate that may result from
951	excluding the following from the certified tax rate under Subsection 59-2-924(3) enacted by the
952	Legislature during the 2007 General Session:
953	(a) personal property tax revenue:
954	(i) received by a taxing entity;
955	(ii) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and

956	(iii) for personal property that is semiconductor manufacturing equipment; or
957	(b) the taxable value of personal property:
958	(i) contained on the tax rolls of a taxing entity;
959	(ii) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
960	(iii) that is semiconductor manufacturing equipment.
	* * * *
961	(8) (a) The taxable value for the base year under Subsection 17C-1-102(6) shall be
962	reduced for any year to the extent necessary to provide a community development and renewal
963	agency established under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Community
964	Development and Renewal Agencies, with approximately the same amount of money the
965	agency would have received without a reduction in the county's certified tax rate, calculated in
966	accordance with Section 59-2-924, if:
967	(i) in that year there is a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2) or (3)(a)
968	(ii) the amount of the decrease is more than 20% of the county's certified tax rate of the
969	previous year; and
970	(iii) the decrease results in a reduction of the amount to be paid to the agency under
971	Section 17C-1-403 or 17C-1-404.
972	(b) The base taxable value under Subsection 17C-1-102(6) shall be increased in any
973	year to the extent necessary to provide a community development and renewal agency with
974	approximately the same amount of money as the agency would have received without an
975	increase in the certified tax rate that year if:
976	(i) in that year the base taxable value under Subsection 17C-1-102(6) is reduced due to
977	a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2) or (3)(a); and
978	(ii) the certified tax rate of a city, school district, local district, or special service
979	district increases independent of the adjustment to the taxable value of the base year.
980	(c) Notwithstanding a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2) or (3)(a),
981	the amount of money allocated and, when collected, paid each year to a community
982	development and renewal agency established under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local
983	Government Entities - Community Development and Renewal Agencies, for the payment of
984	bonds or other contract indebtedness, but not for administrative costs, may not be less than that
985	amount would have been without a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2) or
986	<u>(3)(a).</u>

987	Section 16. Section 59-2-1115 is amended to read:
988	59-2-1115. Exemption of certain tangible personal property.
989	(1) For purposes of this section:
990	(a) (i) "Acquisition cost" means all costs required to put an item of tangible personal
991	property into service; and
992	(ii) includes:
993	(A) the purchase price for a new or used item;
994	(B) the cost of freight and shipping;
995	(C) the cost of installation, engineering, erection, or assembly; and
996	(D) sales and use taxes.
997	(b) (i) "Item of taxable tangible personal property" does not include an improvement to
998	real property or a part that will become an improvement.
999	(ii) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
1000	the commission may make rules defining the term "item of taxable tangible personal property."
1001	(c) (i) "Taxable tangible personal property" means tangible personal property that is
1002	subject to taxation under this chapter.
1003	(ii) "Taxable tangible personal property" does not include:
1004	(A) tangible personal property required by law to be registered with the state before it
1005	<u>is used:</u>
1006	(I) on a public highway;
1007	(II) on a public waterway;
1008	(III) on public land; or
1009	(IV) in the air;
1010	(B) a mobile home as defined in Section 41-1a-102; or
1011	(C) a manufactured home as defined in Section 41-1a-102.
1012	[(1)] (2) (a) The taxable tangible personal property of a taxpayer is exempt from
1013	taxation if the taxable tangible personal property has a total aggregate fair market value per
1014	county of \$3,500 or less.
1015	[(b) For purposes of this section, "taxable tangible personal property" does not
1016	include:]
1017	[(i) tangible personal property required by law to be registered with the state before it is

1018	useu.
1019	[(A) on a public highway;]
1020	[(B) on a public waterway;]
1021	[(C) on public land; or]
1022	[(D) in the air;]
1023	[(ii) a mobile home as defined in Section 41-1a-102; or]
1024	[(iii) a manufactured home as defined in Section 41-1a-102.]
1025	(b) An item of taxable tangible personal property is exempt from taxation if the item of
1026	taxable tangible personal property:
1027	(i) has an acquisition cost of $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\frac{\$5,000}{\$1,000}] \frac{\$1,000}{\$1,000} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ or less;
1028	(ii) has reached a percent good of 15% or less according to a personal property
1029	schedule:
1030	(A) published by the commission pursuant to Section 59-2-107; or
1031	(B) for an item of personal property that is designated as expensed personal property in
1032	accordance with Section 59-2-108, described in Section 59-2-108; and
1033	(iii) is in a personal property schedule with a residual value of 15% or less.
1034	[(2)] (3) (a) For calendar years beginning on or after January 1, 2008, the commission
1035	shall increase the dollar amount described in Subsection [(1)] (2)(a):
1036	(i) by a percentage equal to the percentage difference between the consumer price
1037	index for the preceding calendar year and the consumer price index for calendar year 2006[-];
1038	<u>and</u>
1039	(ii) up to the nearest \$100 increment.
1040	(b) For purposes of this Subsection $[(2)](3)$, the commission shall calculate the
1041	consumer price index as provided in Sections 1(f)(4) and 1(f)(5), Internal Revenue Code.
1042	(c) If the percentage difference under Subsection $[(2)](3)(a)(\underline{i})$ is zero or a negative
1043	percentage, the consumer price index increase for the year is zero.
1044	[(3)] (4) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
1045	Act, the commission may make rules to administer this section and provide for uniform
1046	implementation.
1047	Section 17. Section 59-2-1302 is amended to read:
1048	59-2-1302. Assessor or treasurer's duties Collection of uniform fees and taxes

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on personal property -- Unpaid tax or unpaid uniform fee is a lien -- Delinquency interest -- Rate.

- (1) After the assessor assesses taxes or uniform fees on personal property, the assessor or, if this duty has been reassigned in an ordinance under Section 17-16-5.5, the treasurer shall:
- (a) list the personal property tax or uniform fee as provided in Subsection (3) with the real property of the owner in the manner required by law if the assessor or treasurer, as the case may be, determines that the real property is sufficient to secure the payment of the personal property taxes or uniform fees;
 - (b) immediately collect the taxes or uniform fees due on the personal property; or
- (c) on or before the day on which the tax or uniform fee on personal property is due, obtain from the taxpayer a bond that is:
- (i) payable to the county in an amount equal to the amount of the tax or uniform fee due, plus 20% of the amount of the tax or uniform fee due; and
 - (ii) conditioned for the payment of the tax or uniform fee on or before November 30.
- (2) (a) An unpaid tax as defined in Section 59-1-705, or unpaid uniform fee upon personal property listed with the real property is a lien upon the owner's real property as of 12 o'clock noon of January 1 of each year.
- (b) An unpaid tax as defined in Section 59-1-705, or unpaid uniform fee upon personal property not listed with the real property is a lien upon the owner's personal property as of 12 o'clock noon of January 1 of each year.
- (3) The assessor or treasurer, as the case may be, shall make the listing under this section:
 - (a) on the record of assessment of the real property; or
- (b) by entering a reference showing the record of the assessment of the personal property on the record of assessment of the real property.
- (4) (a) The amount of tax or uniform fee assessed upon personal property is delinquent if the tax or uniform fee is not paid [within 30 days after] on the day on which the tax notice or the combined signed statement and tax notice [due] under Section 59-2-306 is [mailed] due.
- (b) Delinquent taxes or uniform fees under Subsection (4)(a) shall bear interest from the date of delinquency until the day on which the delinquent tax or uniform fee is paid at an interest rate equal to the sum of:

1080	(i) 6%; and
1081	(ii) the federal funds rate target:
1082	(A) established by the Federal Open Markets Committee; and
1083	(B) that exists on the January 1 immediately preceding the date of delinquency.
1084	(5) A county assessor or treasurer shall deposit all collections of public funds from a
1085	personal property tax or personal property uniform fee no later than once every seven banking
1086	days with:
1087	(a) the state treasurer; or
1088	(b) a qualified depository for the credit of the county.
1089	Section 18. Section 59-2-1330 is amended to read:
1090	59-2-1330. Payment of property taxes Payments to taxpayer by state or taxing
1091	entity Refund of penalties paid by taxpayer Refund of interest paid by taxpayer
1092	Payment of interest to taxpayer Judgment levy Objections to assessments by the
1093	commission Time periods for making payments to taxpayer.
1094	(1) Unless otherwise specifically provided by statute, property taxes shall be paid
1095	directly to the county assessor or the county treasurer:
1096	(a) on the date that the property taxes are due; and
1097	(b) as provided in this chapter.
1098	(2) A taxpayer shall receive payment as provided in this section if a reduction in the
1099	amount of any tax levied against any property for which the taxpayer paid a tax or any portion
1100	of a tax under this chapter for a calendar year is required by a final and unappealable judgmen
1101	or order described in Subsection (3) issued by:
1102	(a) a county board of equalization;
1103	(b) the commission; or
1104	(c) a court of competent jurisdiction.
1105	(3) (a) For purposes of Subsection (2), the state or any taxing entity that has received
1106	property taxes or any portion of property taxes from a taxpayer described in Subsection (2)
1107	shall pay the taxpayer if:
1108	(i) the taxes the taxpayer paid in accordance with Subsection (2) are collected by an
1109	authorized officer of the:
1110	(A) county; or

1111	(B) state;
1112	(ii) the taxpayer obtains a final and unappealable judgment or order:
1113	(A) from:
1114	(I) a county board of equalization;
1115	(II) the commission; or
1116	(III) a court of competent jurisdiction;
1117	(B) against:
1118	(I) the taxing entity or an authorized officer of the taxing entity; or
1119	(II) the state or an authorized officer of the state; and
1120	(C) ordering a reduction in the amount of any tax levied against any property for which
1121	a taxpayer paid a tax or any portion of a tax under this chapter for the calendar year.
1122	(b) The amount that the state or a taxing entity shall pay a taxpayer shall be determined
1123	in accordance with Subsections (4) through (7).
1124	(4) For purposes of Subsections (2) and (3), the amount the state shall pay to a taxpayer
1125	is equal to the sum of:
1126	(a) if the difference described in this Subsection (4)(a) is greater than \$0, the difference
1127	between:
1128	(i) the tax the taxpayer paid to the state in accordance with Subsection (2); and
1129	(ii) the amount of the taxpayer's tax liability to the state after the reduction in the
1130	amount of tax levied against the property in accordance with the final and unappealable
1131	judgment or order described in Subsection (3);
1132	(b) if the difference described in this Subsection (4)(b) is greater than \$0, the difference
1133	between:
1134	(i) any penalties the taxpayer paid to the state in accordance with Section 59-2-1331;
1135	and
1136	(ii) the amount of penalties the taxpayer is liable to pay to the state in accordance with
1137	Section 59-2-1331 after the reduction in the amount of tax levied against the property in
1138	accordance with the final and unappealable judgment or order described in Subsection (3);
1139	(c) as provided in Subsection (6)(a), interest the taxpayer paid in accordance with
1140	Section 59-2-1331 on the amounts described in Subsections (4)(a) and (4)(b); and
1141	(d) as provided in Subsection (6)(b), interest on the sum of the amounts described in:

1142	(i) Subsection (4)(a);
1143	(ii) Subsection (4)(b); and
1144	(iii) Subsection (4)(c).
1145	(5) For purposes of Subsections (2) and (3), the amount a taxing entity shall pay to a
1146	taxpayer is equal to the sum of:
1147	(a) if the difference described in this Subsection (5)(a) is greater than \$0, the difference
1148	between:
1149	(i) the tax the taxpayer paid to the taxing entity in accordance with Subsection (2); and
1150	(ii) the amount of the taxpayer's tax liability to the taxing entity after the reduction in
1151	the amount of tax levied against the property in accordance with the final and unappealable
1152	judgment or order described in Subsection (3);
1153	(b) if the difference described in this Subsection (5)(b) is greater than \$0, the difference
1154	between:
1155	(i) any penalties the taxpayer paid to the taxing entity in accordance with Section
1156	59-2-1331; and
1157	(ii) the amount of penalties the taxpayer is liable to pay to the taxing entity in
1158	accordance with Section 59-2-1331 after the reduction in the amount of tax levied against the
1159	property in accordance with the final and unappealable judgment or order described in
1160	Subsection (3); and
1161	(c) as provided in Subsection (6)(a), interest the taxpayer paid in accordance with
1162	Section 59-2-1331 on the amounts described in Subsections (5)(a) and (5)(b); and
1163	(d) as provided in Subsection (6)(b), interest on the sum of the amounts described in:
1164	(i) Subsection (5)(a);
1165	(ii) Subsection (5)(b); and
1166	(iii) Subsection (5)(c).
1167	(6) Except as provided in Subsection (7):
1168	(a) interest shall be refunded to a taxpayer on the amount described in Subsection
1169	(4)(c) or (5)(c) in an amount equal to the amount of interest the taxpayer paid in accordance
1170	with Section 59-2-1331; and
1171	(b) interest shall be paid to a taxpayer on the amount described in Subsection (4)(d) or
1172	(5)(d):

1173 (i) beginning on the later of: 1174 (A) the day on which the taxpayer paid the tax in accordance with Subsection (2); or 1175 (B) January 1 of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year for which 1176 the tax was due; 1177 (ii) ending on the day on which the state or a taxing entity pays to the taxpayer the 1178 amount required by Subsection (4) or (5); and 1179 (iii) at the interest rate earned by the state treasurer on public funds transferred to the 1180 state treasurer in accordance with Section 51-7-5. 1181 (7) Notwithstanding Subsection (6): 1182 (a) the state may not pay or refund interest to a taxpayer under Subsection (6) on any 1183 tax the taxpayer paid in accordance with Subsection (2) that exceeds the amount of tax levied 1184 by the state for that calendar year as stated on the notice required by Section 59-2-1317; and (b) a taxing entity may not pay or refund interest to a taxpayer under Subsection (6) on 1185 1186 any tax the taxpayer paid in accordance with Subsection (2) that exceeds the amount of tax 1187 levied by the taxing entity for that calendar year as stated on the notice required by Section 1188 59-2-1317. 1189 (8) (a) Each taxing entity may levy a tax to pay its share of the final and unappealable 1190 judgment or order described in Subsection (3) if: 1191 (i) the final and unappealable judgment or order is issued no later than 15 days prior to 1192 the date the levy is set under Subsection $59-2-924[\frac{(2)}{(2)}](3)(a)$; 1193 (ii) the amount of the judgment levy is included on the notice under Section 59-2-919; 1194 and 1195 (iii) the final and unappealable judgment or order is an eligible judgment, as defined in 1196 Section 59-2-102. 1197 (b) The levy under Subsection (8)(a) is in addition to, and exempt from, the maximum 1198 levy established for the taxing entity. 1199 (9) (a) A taxpayer that objects to the assessment of property assessed by the 1200 commission shall pay, on or before the date of delinquency established under Subsection 1201 59-2-1331(1) or Section 59-2-1332, the full amount of taxes stated on the notice required by 1202 Section 59-2-1317 if:

(i) the taxpayer has applied to the commission for a hearing in accordance with Section

1204	59-2-100/ on the objection to the assessment; and
1205	(ii) the commission has not issued a written decision on the objection to the assessment
1206	in accordance with Section 59-2-1007.
1207	(b) A taxpayer that pays the full amount of taxes due under Subsection (9)(a) is not
1208	required to pay penalties or interest on an assessment described in Subsection (9)(a) unless:
1209	(i) a final and unappealable judgment or order establishing that the property described
1210	in Subsection (9)(a) has a value greater than the value stated on the notice required by Section
1211	59-2-1317 is issued by:
1212	(A) the commission; or
1213	(B) a court of competent jurisdiction; and
1214	(ii) the taxpayer fails to pay the additional tax liability resulting from the final and
1215	unappealable judgment or order described in Subsection (9)(b)(i) within a 45-day period after
1216	the county bills the taxpayer for the additional tax liability.
1217	(10) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (10)(b), a payment that is required by this
1218	section shall be paid to a taxpayer:
1219	(i) within 60 days after the day on which the final and unappealable judgment or order
1220	is issued in accordance with Subsection (3); or
1221	(ii) if a judgment levy is imposed in accordance with Subsection (8):
1222	(A) if the payment to the taxpayer required by this section is \$5,000 or more, no later
1223	than December 31 of the year in which the judgment levy is imposed; and
1224	(B) if the payment to the taxpayer required by this section is less than \$5,000, within
1225	60 days after the date the final and unappealable judgment or order is issued in accordance with
1226	Subsection (3).
1227	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (10)(a), a taxpayer may enter into an agreement:
1228	(i) that establishes a time period other than a time period described in Subsection
1229	(10)(a) for making a payment to the taxpayer that is required by this section; and
1230	(ii) with:
1231	(A) an authorized officer of a taxing entity for a tax imposed by a taxing entity; or
1232	(B) an authorized officer of the state for a tax imposed by the state.
1233	Section 19. Effective date.
1234	This bill takes effect on January 1, 2009.

H.B. 77 1st Sub. (Buff) - Personal Property Tax Amendments - As Amended

Fiscal Note

2008 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations, but will require computer system reprogramming at the Utah State Tax Commission.

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Passage of this bill will likely result in a shift of \$3,500,000 from personal property to other property types. Counties are also likely to see some increased costs to rewrite computer code.

1/25/2008, 9:57:28 AM, Lead Analyst: Wilko, A.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst